

The course outcomes of an LLB (Bachelor of Laws) program include:

• Legal knowledge

Students will gain a basic understanding of substantive and procedural law, and develop advanced knowledge in a chosen area of specialization

• Analytical and reasoning skills

Students will learn to analyze and interpret legal and social problems, and apply laws and regulations to solve them

• Practical skills

Students will learn to collect and analyze empirical data, and develop practical legal experience

• Professional ethics

Students will learn to exercise professional and ethical responsibilities to clients and the legal system

• Communication skills

Students will learn to communicate effectively in legal contexts, both orally and in writing

• Global perspective

Students will develop a global perspective on legal issues

The LLB curriculum focuses on core legal principles, practical skills development, and the potential to specialize in specific areas.

• Self-reflection and lifelong learning: Students should develop an attitude of self-reflection.

• **Interpretation of law**: Students should be able to interpret law and integrate it with varied social and individual problems to solve them.

• Analysis and reasoning: Students should demonstrate skills of analysis and reasoning.

• **Problem solving**: Students should demonstrate skills of problem solving.

• Written and oral communication: Students should demonstrate written and oral communication in the legal context.

• Ethical reasoning: Students should develop ethical reasoning and professional behavior.

▶ <u>B.A.LL. B - I</u>

• English I

Expected Outcomes

1. The purpose of the course is to acquaint the students with the nature of the English language and its grammatical concepts.

2. This course focuses on strengthening the students' syntactical competence so as to bring quality and correct grammatical constructions in their writing and it is also meant to train them on how to study for various purposes.

• Legal Language

Expected Outcomes

1. The students will be given more exposure to the nature of legal language and the issues related to it in drafting legislation and legal documents.

2. It will acquaint the students with advocacy skills so much so as to bridge the gap between theoretical and practical knowledge and to strengthen and enhance their critical thinking.

3. It will introduce the students to logical reasoning and its use in law to set up good arguments.

• Political Science I

Expected Outcomes

1. This Course focuses on understanding the basic concepts, theories, functioning of the State, scope of political science, and its interrelationship with other disciplines.

2. The purpose of this course is to acquaint the students with the functioning of State and Government, structure, organization, and principles of political Parties as a vital element of democratic machinery.

• Sociology I

Expected Outcomes

1. The purpose of the course is to acquaint the students with sociology as a social science and the distinctiveness of its approach among the social science.

2. The course focuses on the Significance of sociology in society and its impact and relationship on law and the importance of social aspects in law-making.

• Economics I

Expected Outcomes

1. This course helps to acquaint students with the basic concept of economics and to apply economics reasoning to the problems of society.

2. This course also teaches some basic fundamental principles of economics and exposes students of Law to economics.

• English II

Expected Outcomes

1. This course is intended to familiarize the students with the correct pronunciations of words and to acquaint them with the role of meanings of words and their interpretation in.

2. This course also intends to make the students familiar with the basic idea of law and its nature.

• Political Science II

Expected Outcomes

1. This course focuses on the evolution and usage of these concepts, ideas, and theories with reference to individual thinkers both historically and analytically.

2. It helps to understand the need to emphasize the continuing relevance of these concepts today and explains how ideas and theory of yester years gains prominence in contemporary political theory.

3. This course intends to critically analyze differences in ideological standpoints with regard to concept and theoretical perspectives in order to understand their continuity and change.

• Logic & Scientific Method

1. Students learn to generate logical thinking for investigating, analyzing, criticizing, and creating.

2. Students learn to create and solve problems using a logical approach.

≻ <u>B.A. LL.B – II</u>

• Legal History

Expected Outcomes

1. Legal history can enrich legal theory and provide inspiration for contemporary legal theorists.

2. Students can learn about the historical development of the legal system in India, including the role of the British and the Constituent Assembly in framing the Indian Constitution

• Economics II

Expected Outcomes

1. This course focuses on understanding basic concepts of Macro Economics and studying the behavior of the economy.

2. This course helps to understand macroeconomic policies to solve economic problems.

• Political Science III

Expected Outcomes

1. This course focuses on the evolution and usage of these concepts, ideas, and theories with reference to individual thinkers both historically and analytically.

2. It helps to understand the need to emphasize the continuing relevance of these concepts today and explains how ideas and theory of yester years gains prominence in contemporary political theory.

3. This course intends to critically analyze differences in ideological standpoints with regard to concept and theoretical perspectives in order to understand their continuity and change.

• Political Science IV

Expected Outcomes

1. The purpose of the course is to acquaint the students with the nature of the English language and its grammatical concepts.

2. This course focuses on strengthening the students' syntactical competence so as to bring quality and correct grammatical constructions in their writing and it is also meant to train them on how to study for various purposes.

• Political Science V

Expected Outcomes

1. Students learn to understand and follow changes in political behavior, structures, and ideas. They also learn to make logical inferences about social and political issues.

2. Students learn to take responsibility as an individual and as a team member or leader. They also learn to work effectively in multi-disciplinary teams.

• Constitutional History

Expected Outcomes

1. This course intends to acquaint the students with the evolution of the legal system in India.

2. This course is designed with an objective to introduce students to the growth of Administrative, Judicial, and Legislative institutions in Colonial India.

3. This course will help students to get an appropriate insight into the present legal system.

• Legal Writing

Expected Outcomes

1. Legal writing should be concise and to the point. Avoid unnecessary words, sentences, or paragraphs that do not contribute to your argument.

2. In the introduction, the writer should mention what is coming up about. The introduction of a document is very important in legal writing.

• Sociology II

Expected Outcomes

1. This course is intended to familiarize the students with the social, political, economic, and intellectual contexts in which sociology emerged as a distinctive discipline and has had a significant influence on the legislative framework law.

2. This helps to develop an understanding of some of the classical contributions in sociology, and their continuing relevance to its contemporary concerns.

B.A.LL.B III & LL.B I

Law of Contract

Expected Outcomes

1. This course is designed to acquaint a student with the general conceptual and practical principles of contract, rules for the formation of contract, performance, and enforcement of contract remedies.

2. This course intends to impart the basic conceptual understanding among students which is the foundation of drafting and interpreting various contracts.

• Special Contract

Expected Outcomes

1. This course is to be taught after the students have been made familiar with the general principles of contract in which the emphasis is on understanding and appreciating the basic essentials of a valid contract and on the existence of contractual relationship in various instances.

2. Obviously, a course on special contracts should initiate the students to different kinds of contracts with emphasis on the intricacies therein. This course also should provide an insight into the justification for special statutory provisions for certain kinds of contracts.

• Law of Torts including MV Accident and Consumer Protection Laws

Expected Outcomes

1. Presently, the emphasis is on extending the principles not only to acts, which are harmful, but also failure to comply with standards that are continuously changing due to advancement in science and technology.

2. In the modern era of consumer concern of goods and services, the law of torts has an added significance with this forage into the emerging law of consumer protection.

• Law of Crimes

Expected Outcomes

1. This course is designed with a prime objective to familiarize students with the principles of criminal liability and other concepts of substantive criminal law along with relevant case laws.

2. It is also meant to enable them to articulate informed opinions over important controversial issues in criminal law.

• Constitutional Law Paper I

Expected Outcomes

1. The purpose of teaching constitutional law is to highlight its never-ending growth. Constitutional interpretation is bound to be influenced by one's social economic or political predictions.

2. A good understanding of the Constitution and the law, which has developed through constitutional amendments, judicial decisions, constitutional practice and conventions is, therefore, absolutely necessary for a student of law.

• Family Law I

Expected Outcomes

1. This course intends to enlighten students about the history and development of the principles and provisions of different personal laws, and the sources from which these laws are derived.

2. It acquaints students about the laws applicable to family relations: marriage and divorce, maintenance, alimony, adoption and guardianship.

3. Study of this subject should enable the students to view family law not merely as a separate system of personal laws based upon religious beliefs, but as one cutting across religious lines, eventually enabling the fulfillment of the Constitutional directive of the Uniform Civil Code.

• Administrative Law

Expected Outcomes

1. A course on administrative law must, therefore, lay emphasis on understanding the structure and modus operandi of administration. It must take note of developmental perspectives and attainment of social welfare objectives through bureaucratic process. It should go into matters, which facilitate or hinder the attainment of these objectives.

2. Remedies available for administrative deviance need a critical study and evaluation in the context of realities.

• Labour and Industrial Law I

Expected Outcomes

1. This course will introduce the students' jurisprudence of labor legislation.

2. It intends to make the students understand various concepts such as the rights and obligations of workers, union members, and employers in the workplace.

3. It will make students understand basic labor laws touching the lives of millions of people in this country.

4. The study of labour law has its aim on the societal impulses on, and state reactions to the complex socio-economic, human and political problems arising out of the constant conflicts between different classes.

5. The student should get an insight into legislative attempts made by Indian Government. The students also must have knowledge of existing laws and present position of labour.

• Public International Law

Expected Outcomes

1. At present day man is not confined to a region or nation but he is a member of the world community.

2. International relations led the states to form International Organizations and the states are required to follow the International Law. Thus comprehensive knowledge of international laws is necessary.

• Environmental Law

Expected Outcomes

1. Environmental law necessarily demands an interdisciplinary approach.

2. The development of ecological knowledge has necessitated an overall change not only in managerial studies but also in socio-legal explorations.

B.A.LL.B IV & LL.B II

• Jurisprudence

Expected Outcomes

1. The course aims to develop an analytical approach to understanding the nature of law and the development of the legal system.

2. This course creates an understanding of basic legal concepts like Rights Person, Property, Title, Possession, Ownership, Liability, and Obligation which are basic to the study of Law.

• Property Law

Expected Outcomes

1. The Course on property conventionally deals with the Transfer of Property Act, 1882. More than a Century has elapsed since the passing of the Act and farreaching changes have occurred in the field in property laws owing to altered social conditions.

2. The syllabus includes aspects relating to intellectual property which are important in the context of development.

• Labour and Industrial Law II

Expected Outcomes

1. Protection of labour is a constitutional mandate. A Constitution inspired by the vision of social justice is committed to the cause of upliftment of labour. Well balanced industrial development leads to increased productivity which in turn is a factor of national progress. Labour makes significant contribution in this respect.

2. The student should get an insight into the mechanics of socio-legal control of labour relations and should be aware of the history, the present norms, the emerging areas and possible future techniques of labour jurisprudence.

• Interpretation of Statutes and Principle of Legislation

Expected Outcomes

1. This paper aims to acquaint the students with basic principles of interpretation.

2. It focuses on general and specific rules of interpretation of statutes.

3. It prescribes the guidelines on the interpretation of remedial, penal, and taxing statutes.

4. It provides for internal and external aids for the interpretation of statutes. It also contains the rules regulating the commencement, operation, and repeal of statutes.

5. It prescribes the principles for the interpretation of Constitutional documents.

• Penology and Victimology

Expected Outcomes

1. Penology comprises the processes devised and adopted for the punishment, prevention of crime and the treatment of the criminals. Punishment is to be inflicted on the criminals so as to reform them and to make their integration into society easier.

2. This Course offers a specialist understanding of criminal policies including theories of punishment, their supposed philosophical and sociological justifications and discretion in the sentencing process.

• Family Law II

Expected Outcomes

1. The Course Structure is designed mainly with three objectives in view. One is to provide adequate theological perspective so that the basic concepts relating to family are expounded in their social being.

2. To give an overview of some of the current problems arising out of the traditional inequalities writ large in the various family concepts.

• Constitutional Law II

Expected Outcomes

1. The purpose of teaching constitutional law is to highlight its never-ending growth. Constitutional interpretation is bound to be influenced by one's social, economic or political predictions.

2. A student must, therefore, learn how various interpretations of the Constitution are possible and why a significant interpretation was adopted in a particular situation. Such a critical approach is necessary requirement in the study of constitutional law.

• Trade Mark and Design Elective III

Expected Outcomes

1. A trademark is understood as a symbol or label to enable to sell their goods or services. The essential worth of a Trade Marks is ascribed to as vehicle for the

creation and retention of custom by its use as it indicates the origin of goods and services.

2. The Trade mark was formally designated as an Industrial Property. In view of the emergence of International Law on Trade Marks the Indian Government enacted a comprehensive Statute.

• Professional Ethics and Professional Accounting System (Clinical Course)

• Alternate Dispute Resolution (Clinical Course)

Expected Outcomes

1. Traditional justice delivery system is gradually losing its efficacy due to ever increasing pendency of Cases requiring other mechanism.

2. The settlement of disputes through the Alternate Dispute Resolution is considered as one of the effective, cheap and time saving method in modern 21st century.

<u>B.A.LL.B. V & LL.B III</u>

• Law of Evidence

Expected Outcomes

1. The objective of this course is to acquaint the students with various modes of Alternate Dispute Resolution Systems (ADR).

2. The goal of the course is to help the students to understand practically the various methods of resolving disputes under the ADR system, so that they can help their clients and society

3. The course covers the study of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, of 1996, the Legal Services Authority Act, of 1987, and a few international perspectives and enforcement of foreign awards.

• Principles of Taxation Law

Expected Outcomes

A study of the constitutional framework on taxation becomes important. Along with this, an analysis of the different laws enacted in exercise of these powers with their safeguards and remedies sheds light on the mechanics of the taxation by the Union and the States.

• Company Law

Expected Outcomes

1. To understand the company law model in India.

2. To know the different bodies functioning to coordinate and manage company affairs in India.

3. To keep updated with the recent changes in the Companies Act, 2013.

4. To study the company law in detail this is essential for budding lawyers.

• Code of Criminal Procedure

Expected Outcomes

1. To give knowledge about the procedural aspect of the criminal law.

2. To familiarize students with the workings of the criminal justice delivery system and also to make them understand the significant riddles of the procedure.

3. To expose the students how the pre-trial, trial, and the students with organization of the functionaries under the Criminal Procedure Code, their powers, and functions.

4. To give ideas to the students with the organization of the functionaries under the Criminal Procedure Code, their powers and functions for effective implementation of the criminal justice system.

• Equity and Trust

Expected Outcomes

1. Trust being an obligation connected with property, the law has to play a key role in protecting interests of person for whose benefit trust is created and for balancing the rights and duties of persons connected with trust transactions.

2. Trusts may also be created for public purposes of charitable and religious nature. Students should also to be conscientious of the emerging public trust doctrine of common property resources.

• Land Laws including Tenure and Tenancy System

Expected Outcomes

The objectives of this course are to teach the law students following aspects in detail.

I. Law for the acquisition of land needed for public purposes:

II. Law relating to land and revenue in the State of Maharashtra

III. Law in the State of Maharashtra relating to the control of rent and repairs of certain Premises and of eviction of tenants

• International Human Rights

1. The Human Rights at International Level were based on conventions and Declaration proclaimed by U.N.O. from time to time.

2. The Human Rights Instrument shall be discussed dealt with Women, Child, Disabled persons, Minorities etc. Needless to say that course is to be confined to deliberations of International Law Topics relevant to the growth of Human Rights Law and how International Norms and directives are reflected in Regional Instruments.

• The Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act

Expected Outcomes

1. Civil Procedure Code is subject to daily use by the courts and lawyers. Students cannot afford to have scant knowledge of civil procedure when he goes out to practice as a lawyer. It is necessary to have a good grounding in the subject before one enters the profession.

2. The main objective of this paper is to give a law student a thorough knowledge of procedural aspects of working of civil courts and other machineries.

• Practical Training: Drafting, Pleading and Conveyance

Expected Outcomes

1. This course covers essential skills required of an Advocate and includes the skill of drafting conveyances and pleadings.

2. The subject of Conveyancing will enable a student to know the aspects of the drafting process, essential features of some transactions involving the transfer of property and contracts, as well as other documents that he would have to make for his clients. He will learn to address the interests of all parties to the transaction, and the need to protect to the best extent possible the interests of his own client as a transacting party.

3. The subject of Pleadings will alert the student toward the basic principles of drafting pleadings that state the case of his client.

4. To understand the significance the drafting in the legal profession.

5. To develop the ability to draft effectively requires the development of skills of writing purposefully, articulation, legal research, and of qualities of language, its clarity and precision.

6. To introduce the student to these skills, and lead him through various basic documents that an Advocate would be called upon to prepare.

7. To enable a student to know the aspects of the drafting process, essential features of some transactions involving the transfer of property and contracts, as well as other documents that he would have to make for his client.

8. To learn to address the interests of all parties to the transaction, and the need for protecting to the best extent possible the interests of his own client as a transacting party.

9. To understand the process of pleadings, particularly the interplay between different substantive laws applicable to the case. He will also understand the application of principles of pleadings, the rules of procedure, and the mandatory contents in different categories of pleadings.

• Practical Training: Moot Courts. Pre-Trial Preparations and Participation in Trial Proceedings

Expected Outcomes

1. To give exposure to the student to apply all laws of the course in the practical.

2. To enable students to learn identifying facts, applying the law, deriving issues, oral presentation skills, organizing argument, and presenting it with persuasion.

3. To give practical exposure and experience of visiting court proceedings, and watching advocates conduct matters.

4. To provide court thrill in the moot court.

≻ <u>LL.M. I</u>

• Indian Constitutional Law and New Challenges

Expected Outcomes

1. The judicial process of constitutional interpretation involves a technique of adapting the law to meet changing social mores. The Constitution being the fundamental law, an insight into its new trends is essential for a meaningful understanding of the legal system and processes.

2. The post-graduate student of law should be exposed to the new challenges and perspectives of constitutional development. Critical approach is necessary

requirement in the study of constitutional law.

• Introduction to Legal Theory

Expected Outcomes

1. The subject aims at developing and insight into the juristic foundations of a legal system-an understanding of the law as it exists and functions in society.

2. This course gives a clear understanding about the nuances of law and its nature function. It gives a clear understanding about the impact of law on various other branches and its functioning and its relationship to ethics and justice.

• General Principles of Corporate Law

Expected Outcomes

The subject aims to acquire knowledge and develop understanding of the regulatory framework of companies with reference to various provisions of Companies Act and its schedules, rules, notifications, circulars, clarifications there under including case laws and Secretarial standards.

• Cyber Law

Expected Outcomes

The main objective of this subject is to make students familiar with the developments that are being taking place in the different areas with the help of Computer Science and Information Technology. To acquaint the students with the national and international legal orders relative to these.

• Law of Industrial and Intellectual Property

Expected Outcomes

The concept of intellectual property rights as developed in India cannot be divorced from the developments in the international arena as well as in the nation-to-nation relations. The impact of IPR regime on the economic front is emphasized in this paper. In particular, greater attention would be given here to the law relating to unfair and restrictive trade practices as affecting the regime of Intellectual Property Rights. New areas of development, especially plant patenting and patenting of new forms of life (biotechnology) should receive special attention. Evidentiary aspects of infringement, and human right dimensions of the regime of intellectual property law will also bead dressed.

• Legal Education and Research Methodology

Expected Outcomes

1. A post-graduate student of law should get an insight into the objectives of legal education. He should have an exposure to programs like organization of seminars, publication of law journals and holding of legal aid clinics.

2. The student has to be exposed to these methods so as to develop his skills. Growth of legal science in India depends on the nature and career of legal research. The syllabus is designed to develop also skills in research and writing in a systematic manner.

• Company and Securities Law

Expected Outcomes

The syllabus is aimed to acquire knowledge about corporate governance in India which includes managing director, regulation of companies by disclosure of information. Also provides understanding regarding the concept of amalgamation, corporate collapses along with the international dimensions of company law. The syllabus is designed to increase the understanding the securities laws in India.

• Fundamental of Commercial Laws

Expected Outcomes

This subject is designed to acquaint a student with the conceptual and operational parameters of these various general principles of contractual relations. Specific enforcement of contracts is an important aspect of the Law of Contracts. Analysis of the kinds of contracts that can be specifically enforced and the methods of enforcement forms a significant segment of this study. This course also should provide an insight into the justification for special statutory provisions for certain kinds of contracts.

• Competition Law

Expected Outcomes

The course aims to study the developments of the policy of free and fair competition in India. The course will provide an analysis of the legal developments, from MRTP to the Competition Act. The course will analyze the progress of the Competition Law in various legal systems and also determine the role of WTO in its policies.

• Corporate Governance

Expected Outcomes

Corporate governance is the set of processes, customs, policies, laws and institutions affecting the way a corporation is directed or controlled. Emergence of corporate social responsibility affecting all the stakeholders seeks to make the corporations socially responsible. The course aims at providing basic idea about corporate governance and its implications on society and legal system.

• Law relating to Customs and Foreign Exchange

Expected Outcomes

1. To ensure and enable students to understand the laws relating to custom and foreign exchange.

2. To expand knowledge with regard to tariffs, custom duties, Foreign Exchange and Currency.

3. New Concepts under (FEMA), Foreign Exchange Management Act.

4. To understand the Function of Customs Officers.

5. To get well versed with Specific Provisions relating to Foreign Direct Investment in India. Issues and Challenges with regard to Foreign Trade, Development and Foreign Exchange Regulation Act.

• Corporate Finance

Expected Outcomes

1. To understand the economic and legal dimensions of corporate finance in the process of industrial development in establishing social order in the context of constitutional values

2. To acquaint the students with the normative, philosophical and economic contours of various statutory rules relating to corporate finance

3. To acquaint the students with the organization, functions, lending, and recovery procedures, conditions of lending and accountability of international national and state financing institutions and also of commercial banks; and

4. To acquaint the students with the process of the flow and outflow of corporate finance.

- OJT
- On Job Training

The On-job training is practical training component, designed to enhance practical knowledge, operation of a law of any given subject. The Centre of higher education shall have a choice to design the one component for OJT or they may design different components under the OJT and same can be assigned to the students as per the rules.

≻ <u>LL.M II</u>

• Corporate Finance

Expected Outcomes

1. To understand the economic and legal dimensions of corporate finance in the process of industrial development in establishing social order in the context of constitutional values

2. To acquaint the students with the normative, philosophical and economic contours of various statutory rules relating to corporate finance

3. To acquaint the students with the organization, functions, lending, and recovery procedures, conditions of lending and accountability of international national and state financing institutions and also of commercial banks; and

4. To acquaint the students with the process of the flow and outflow of corporate finance. The following syllabus prepared with the above perspective will be spread over a period of one semester.

• Social Security Legislation

Expected Outcomes

1. Social security is a necessary phenomenon of a welfare state. This course shall examine the various dimensions of labour security measures and seek linkages with social security would expose the students to the evolution and theory of concept of social security, social insurance and labour welfare.

2. To study the laws regarding social security legislation in India and their judicial interpretation.

3. To appreciate the legal problems connected with the coverage of the Statutes, nature and extent of the risks covered, types and extend of benefits, claims, settlement, procedures etc.

• Insurance Law

Expected Outcomes

The insurance policy, being a contract, is subject to all the judicial interpretative techniques. Besides, the insurance idea has a compensatory justice component. This brings it in the arena of the law of tort as well. It is even suggested that a fully grown and developed law of insurance may, if not totally displace, decrease the significance of the law of tort. This course is designed to acquaint the students with the conceptual and operational parameters of insurance law in the context of the development of the general principles of law and judicial interpretation to inform the students about the use of law for the establishment of "just" order in insurance and to develop the appreciative and evaluative faculties of the students.

• Women and Child Labour

Expected Outcomes

1. To impart knowledge to students about social status, legislative and judicial approach for the protection and empowerment of women at national and international level and to sensitize the students about issues relating to rights of women and their safety concern.

2. To impart knowledge regarding the child rights and their protection at national and international level and also to sensitize the students about various issues and legal policies related to child rights.

• Dissertation:

- A. Written Work Dissertation
- B. Viva-Voce

• Judicial Process and Rule of Law

Expected Outcomes

1. To study the nature of judicial process as an instrument of social ordering. It is intended to highlight the role of court as policy maker, participant in the power process and as an instrument of social change.

2. This paper intends to expose the intricacies of judicial creativity and the judicial tools and techniques employed in the process.

• Prevention and Control of Pollution

Expected Outcomes

Pollution hazards bring the worst harm to the environment. Legal measures are attempted to prevent or control various kinds of pollution. Can land, water, air and other pollution hazards be presented or controlled effectively by criminal sanctions especially in a developing country like India? What other legal strategies can be adopted at this level? One has to be a critic of the existing laws and to look forward to desirable mechanism of control over pollution hazards. This paper aims at shedding light on these areas.





Signature